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APPLICATION NO.	. FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/707,886	11/08/2000	Lawrence R. Andrews	3700-2	9840
23117	7590 05/19/2003	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC 1100 N GLEBE ROAD 8TH FLOOR			EXAMINER	
		J	LUK, EMMANUEL S	
ARLINGTON	, VA 22201-4714	*	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1722	2

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

	Applicant(a)	MK-7				
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•	ANDREWS, LAWRENCE R.					
	Art Unit					
	1722					
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	Application N .	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Comments	09/707,886	ANDREWS, LAWRENCE R.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Emmanuel S. Luk	1722	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 J	anuary 2003 .	*	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	s action is non-final.	¥	
Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under EDisposition of Claims			
4) \boxtimes Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the application.	•		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw		*	
5) Claim(s) 14-28 is/are allowed.	in nom consideration.	* *	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.			
7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.		***	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	ologion requirement		
Application Papers	election requirement.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	. ·	*	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	4	niner).
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	- · ·		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.	* .	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	•	χ	
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.	*	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No.	•
Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies.	ity documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	d in this National Stage	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).	
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language prov 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	visional application has been rece	eived.	. 9
Attachment(s)	- p	with the transfer of the trans	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)	

4)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 1-4 and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Talasz.

Talasz teaches a mold closing unit having two mold halves (6) that are moved along a linear path, a guide mechanism having a first structure (11) and second structure (10), the first structure sandwiches the second structure, the first structure fixed to the molds and the second structure is fixed to the frame (2) that is in turn fixed to the cylinders (5) that are attached to the mold halves (6), a plurality of bearings (12) separating the first and second structures and permitting movement. The actuating cylinders (5) move the mold parts toward each other and away from each other.

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Talasz fails to clearly teach a first structure that is fixed to one mold part sandwiches a second structure fixed to one other mold part and a fixed mold part.

The second structure is attached to the frame that is connected to the cylinders that in turn are connected to the molds. It can be construed that the second structure is fixed in place by the frame and attached to the mold parts. One of the mold parts can be fixed so that only one of the mold parts moves toward and away from the fixed mold part.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Talasz with a fixed mold part because it allows for one less moving part and thus less complications for a breakdown.

4. Claims 5-8 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Talasz as applied to claims 1-4 and 9-12 above, and further in view of Nowicki et al.

Talasz fails to teach a return spring, cam or bottom end plug. Instead Talasz teaches the means for biasing or movement is instead taught to be cylinders.

Nowicki teaches two mold parts and a bottom end plug (94) being brought into position with a guide element (34) having cam surfaces (76) that are curved.

Additionally, springs (46) are also taught to help bias the direction of the movement.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Talasz with a bottom end plug, a cam and spring as taught by Nowicki because it allows for the movement of a three mold part apparatus coming into position for forming articles.

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Allowable Subject Matter

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5. Claims 14-28 are allowed.

6. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a mold having at least three mold parts with a guide mechanism having a first and second structure fixed to the mold parts, the first structure sandwiching the second structure, a return spring for biasing the mold parts in one direction towards and away from the mold and cam in opposition to the return spring bias. The closest prior art, Talasz, fails to teach the third mold part or the return spring and cam, instead the movement is achieved via cylinders.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Grebowiec, Langos et al, Lian et al and Wurzer.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Emmanuel S. Luk whose telephone number is (703) 305-1558. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8 to 4.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda L. Walker can be reached on (703) 308-0457. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0651.

E.L. May 14, 2003

W. L. WALKER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700